



GEOLOGY OF A PORTION OF THE NORTHERN BLACK MOUNTAINS, MOHAVE COUNTY, ARIZONA

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#### EXPLANATION

##### Lithology

- [Symbol] Qal Alluvium
- [Symbol] Tmc Muddy Creek formation
- [Symbol] Tmf Fortification Hill Basalt member of Tmc
- [Symbol] Td Lampophyre or microdiorite dikes
- [Symbol] Tog Older gravels (Mt. Davis Volcanics?)
- [Symbol] Tv Patsey Mine Volcanics
- [Symbol] Lqmp Quartz Monzonite porphyry
- [Symbol] Lqmp+ Granite porphyry phase
- [Symbol] Pzq Porphyritic phase
- [Symbol] PCgn Gneiss
- [Symbol] PCd Diorite
- [Symbol] PCs Schist

- ★ K-Ar Age date
- Whole Rock analysis

##### Structure

- [Symbol] Basin and Range Fault
- [Symbol] Low-angle normal fault; showing dip and trend of lineation on fault surface. Teeth on upper plate.
- [Symbol] Listric normal fault.
- [Symbol] Tear fault in upper plate showing dip and trend of lineation on fault surface.
- [Symbol] Fault-vein
- [Symbol] Contact
- [Symbol] Trend of contact between volcanic units
- [Symbol] Bedding attitude, showing dip.
- [Symbol] Foliation trend; in Tv-flattened amygdules.
- [Symbol] Foliation trend; in PC-Felsic unit.
- [Symbol] Foliation trend; in PC-Mafic unit.
- [Symbol] Lineation trend, showing plunge.

##### Miscellaneous

- Drill-hole location.
- (17) Geochem. sample site
- (1) Field Trip Stops

0 1000 2000 Feet